

SUPREME COURT OF NORTH CAROLINA

CHRISTIE SPEIR CAMERON, Clerk Justice Building, 2 East Morgan Street Raleigh, NC 27601 (919) 733-3723

Mailing Address: PO Box 2170 Raleigh, NC 27602

17 November 2000

Mr. Ronnie Lee Kimble Pasquotank Correctional Institution 527 Commerce Drive Elizabeth City, North Carolina 27906

Dear Mr. Kimble:

Fax: (919) 733-0105

BBS: (919) 733-0486

The Supreme Court Clerk's Office has received your Motion for Extension of Time to file an appeal. Please be advised that the North Carolina Rules of Appellate Procedure provide that petitions for discretionary review (a type of appeal) and notice of appeal based upon a constitutional question be filed a total of thirty-five days after the filing of the North Carolina Court of Appeals opinion. The thirty-five days is calculated in the following manner: the mandate issues twenty days from the date of the opinion and the appeal must be filed within fifteen days thereafter. Petitions for writ of certiorari (another type of appeal) must be filed without unreasonable delay. The Rules do not provide for an extension of time beyond thirty-five days to file a petition for discretionary review or notice of appeal based upon a constitutional question. Since the Court of Appeals opinion was issued on 3 October 2000, your appeal was due in our Office on 8 November 2000.

Although you have missed the deadline for filing a petition for discretionary review or a notice of appeal based upon a constitutional question, you may still file a petition for writ of certiorari if you file without unreasonable delay. There are no strict guidelines for determining what constitutes unreasonable delay. The Court might not consider a period of a few months unreasonable delay, but may might consider a period of a year or more to be too long. Each case is judged individually.

Please find enclosed a portion of the North Carolina Rules of Appellate Procedure which you may use as a guide in filing your petition. You should have your original signature on the appeal. In addition, you should attach a copy of the North Carolina Court of Appeals's opinion and any other important documents that you wish the Court to consider. Please be advised, however, that our Office cannot return the original documents to you free of charge. We will charge \$.20 a page to copy documents and return to you. Therefore, you may wish to make copies of all documents prior to submitting them to the Court.

Page 2 Mr. Ronnie Lee Kimble

Although you may file your own appeal, you may also seek assistance from the following sources: Prisoner Legal Services, P.O. Box 25397, Raleigh, North Carolina 27611, Prisoners' Rights Project, UNC School of Law, Van Hecke-Wettach Hall, CB#3380, Chapel Hill, North Carolina 27599, or Prisoners' Rights Project, Duke University School of Law, Durham, North Carolina 27706.

Sincerely, The Clerk's Office r court,

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Transcript, vol. 1, p. 299, lines 1–8.

- 19. Judgment and order of commitment
- Appeal entries
- 21. Entries showing settlement of record on appeal, extension of time, etc.
- Assignments of error, per Rule 9(a)(3)j
- Names, office addresses and telephone numbers of counsel for all parties to appeal

Table 4

ASSIGNMENTS OF ERROR

A. Examples related to pre-trial rulings in civil ac-

Defendant assigns as error:

I. The court's denial of defendant's motion under N.C.R.Civ.P. 12(b)(2) to dismiss for lack of jurisdiction over the person of the defendant on the grounds (that the uncontested affidavits in support of the motion show that no grounds for jurisdiction existed) (or other appropriately stated grounds).

Record, p. 4.

The court's denial of defendant's motion under N.C.R.Civ.P. 12(b)(6) to dismiss for failure of the complaint to state a claim upon which relief can be granted, on the ground that the complaint affirmatively shows that the plaintiff's own negligence contributed to any injuries sustained.

Record, p. 7.

The court's denial of defendant's motion requiring the plaintiff to submit to physical examination under N.C.R.Civ.P. 35, on the ground that on the record before the court, good cause for the examination was shown.

Transcript, vol. 1, p. 137, lines 17-20.

The court's denial of defendant's motion for summary judgment, on the ground that there was not genuine issue of fact that the statute of limitations had run and defendant was therefore entitled to judgment as a matter of law.

Record, p. 15.

Examples related to civil jury trial rulings efendant assigns as error the following:

The court's admission of the testimony of the witness E.F., on the ground that the testimony was hearsay.

Transcript, vol. 1, p. 295, line 5, through p. 297,

The court's denial of the defendant's motion for directed verdict at the conclusion of all the evidence, on the ground that plaintiff's evidence as a matter of law established his contributory negligence.

Record, p. 45.

- 3. The court's instructions to the jury, Record pp. 50-51, as bracketed, explaining the doctrine of last clear chance, on the ground that the doctrine was not correctly explained.
- 4. The court's instructions to the jury, Record op. 53-54, as bracketed, applying the doctrine of sudden emergency to the evidence, on the ground that the evidence referred to by the court did not support application of the doctrine.
- 5. The court's denial of defendant's motion for a new trial for newly discovered evidence, on the ground that on the uncontested affidavits in support of the motion the court abused its discretion in denying the motion.

Record, p. 80; Transcript, vol. 3, p. 764, lines 8-23.

C. Examples related to civil non-jury trial

Defendant assigns as error:

1. The court's refusal to enter judgment of dismissal on the merits against plaintiff upon defendant's motion for dismissal made at the conclusion of plaintiff's evidence, on the ground that plaintiff's evidence established as a matter of law that plaintiff's own negligence contributed to the injury.

Record, p. 20.

2. The court's Finding of Fact No. 10, on the ground that there was insufficient evidence to support it.

Record, p. 25.

3. The court's Conclusion of Law No. 3, on the ground that there are findings of fact which support the conclusion that defendant had the last clear chance to avoid the collision alleged.

Record, p. 27.

[Appendix C amended effective October I, 1990.]

APPENDIX D. FORMS

Captions for all documents filed in the Appellate Division should be in the format prescribed by Appendix B, addressed to the Court whose review is sought.

NOTICES OF APPEAL

a. to Court of Appeals from Trial Division

Appropriate in all appeals of right from district or superior court except appeals from criminal judgments imposing sentences of death or of imprisonment for life.

(Caption)

TO THE HONORABLE COURT OF APPEALS OF NORTH CAROLINA:

(Plaintiff) (Defendant) (Name of Party) hereby gives notice of appeal to the Court of Appeals of North Carolina (from the final judgment) (from the order) entered on (date) in the (District) (Superior) Court of (name) County, (describing it).

Respectfully submitted this ___ day of ______19___

Attorney for (Plaintiff) (Defendant) (Address and Telephone)

b. to Supreme Court from a Judgment of the Superior Court Including a Sentence of Life Imprisonment or Death

(Caption)

TO THE HONORABLE SUPREME COURT OF NORTH CAROLINA:

(Name of Defendant), Defendant, hereby gives notice of appeal to the Supreme Court of North Carolina from the final judgment, entered by 'name of Judge', in the Superior Court of (name) County on (date), which judgment included a conviction of murder in the first degree and a sentence of (death) (imprisonment for life).

Respectfully submitted this ___ day of ______

Attorney for Defendant-Appellant (Address and Telephone)

c. to the Supreme Court from a Judgment of the Court of Appeals

Appropriate in all appeals taken as of right from opinions and judgments of the Court of Appeals to the Supreme Court under G.S. 7A—30. The appealing party shall enclose a certified copy of the opinion of the Court of Appeals with the notice. To take account of the possibility that the Supreme Court may determine that the appeal does not lie of right, an alternative petition for discretionary review may be filed with the notice of appeal.

(Caption)

TO THE HONORABLE SUPREME COURT OF NORTH CAROLINA:

(Plaintiff) (Defendant) (name of party) hereby appeals to the Supreme Court of North Carolina from

the judgment of the Court of Appeals (describe it), which judgment...

(<u>Constitutional question</u>—G.S. 7A—30(1)) ... directly involves substantial questions arising under the Constitution(s) (of the United States) (and) (or) (of the State of North Carolina) as follows:

(here describe the specific issues, citing Constitutional provisions under which they arise, and showing how such issues were timely raised below and are set out in the record on appeal, e.g.:

"Question 1: Said judgment directly involves a substantial question arising under the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments to the Constitution of United States and under Article 1, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of North Carolina, in that it deprives rights secured thereunder to the defendant by overruling defendant's assignment of error to the denial of his Motion to Suppress Evidence Obtained by a Search warrant, thereby depriving defendant of his Constitutional right to be secure in his person, house, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures and violating constitutional prohibitions against warrants issued without probable cause and warrants not supported by evidence. This constitutional issue was timely raised in the trial tribunal by defendant's Motion to Suppress Evidence Obtained by a Search Warrant made prior to trial of defendant (R pp. 7 through 10). This constitutional issue was determined erroneously by the Court of Appeals."

In the event the Court finds this constitutional question to be substantial, petitioner intends to present the following issues in his brief for review:

(Here list all issues to be presented in appellant's brief to the Supreme Court, not limited to those which are the basis of the constitutional question claim. An issue may not be briefed if it is not listed in the notice of appeal.)

(<u>Dissent</u>—G.S. 7A—30(2)) ... was entered with a dissent by Judge (name), based on the following issue(s):

(Here state the issue or issues which are the basis of the dissenting opinion in the Court of Appeals. Do not state additional issues as with the constitutional question appeal, above. Any additional issues desired to be raised in the Supreme Court where the appeal of right is based solely on a dissenting opinion must be presented by a petition for discretionary review as to the additional issues.)

Respectfully	submitted	this	 day	of	
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Attorney for (Plaintiff) (Defendant)-Appellant (Address and Telephone)

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a disssue(s): e basis ppeals. constiiitional Court on a a petiiitional 2. APPEAL ENTRIES

The appeal entries are appropriate as a ready means of providing in composite form for the record on appeal:

- 1) the entry required by App. Rule 9(a) showing appeal duly taken by oral notice under App. Rule 3(b) or 4(a) and
- 2) the entry required by App. Rule θ(a) showing any judicial extension of time for serving proposed record on appeal under App. Rule 27(c).

These entries of record may also be made separately.

Where appeal is taken by filing and serving written notice after the term of court, a copy of the notice with filing date and proof of service is appropriate as the record entry required.

Such "appeal entries" are appropriately included in the record on appeal following the judgment from which appeal is taken.

The judge's signature, while not technically required, is traditional and serves as authentication of the substance of the entries.

(Defendant) gave due notice of appeal to the (Court of Appeals) (Supreme Court). (Defendant) shall have 10 days in which to order the transcript, or, in the alternative. 35 days in which to serve a proposed record on appeal on the appellee. (Plaintiff) is allowed 21 days thereafter within which to serve objections or a proposed alternative record on appeal.

rms day of	19
s/	
Judge Presiding	

3. PETITION FOR DISCRETIONARY REVIEW UNDER G.S. 7A-31

To seek review of the opinion and judgment of the Court of Appeals where appellant contends case involves issues of public interest or jurisprudential significance. May also be filed as a separate paper in conjunction with a notice of appeal to the Supreme Court when the appellant considers that such appeal lies of right due to substantial constitutional questions under G.S. 7A—30, but desires to have the Court consider discretionary review should it determine that appeal does not lie of right in the particular case.

(Caption)

TO THE HONORABLE SUPREME COURT OF NORTH CAROLINA:

(Plaintiff) (Defendant), (Name of Party), respectfully petitions the Supreme Court of North Carolina that the Court certify for discretionary review the judgment of the Court of Appeals (describing it) on the basis that (here set out the grounds from G.S. 7A-31

which provide the basis for the petition). In support of this petition, (Plaintiff) (Defendant) shows the following:

Facts

(Here state first the procedural history of the case through the trial division and the Court of Appeals. Then set out factual background necessary for understanding the basis of the petition.)

Reasons Why Certification Should Issue

(Here set out factual and legal argument to justify certification of case for full review. While some substantive argument will certainly be helpful, the focus of the argument in the petition should be to show how the opinion of the Court of Appeals conflicts with prior decisions of the Supreme Court or how the case is one significant to the jurisprudence of the State or one which offers significant public interest. If the Court is persuaded to take the case, then the appellant may deal thoroughly with the substantive issues in the new brief.)

Issues to be Briefed

In the event the Court allows this petition for discretionary review, petitioner intends to present the following issues in his brief for review:

(Here list all issues to be presented in appellant's brief to the Supreme Court, not limited to those which are the basis of the petition. An issue may not be briefed if it is not listed in the petition.)

Respectfully	submitted	this	 dav	of	
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s/
Attorney for (Plaintiff) (Defendant)
(Address and Telephone)

Attached to the petition shall be a certificate of service upon the opposing parties and a clear copy of the opinion of the Court of Appeals in case.

4. PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI

To seek review 1) of the judgments or orders of trial tribunals in the appropriate appellate court when the right to prosecute an appeal has been lost or where no right to appeal exists; 2) by the Supreme Court of the decisions and orders of the Court of Appeals where no right to appeal or to petition for discretionary review exists or where such right has been lost by failure to take timely action.

(Caption)

TO THE HONORABLE (SUPREME COURT) (COURT OF APPEALS) OF NORTH CAROLINA:

(Plaintiff) (Defendant), (Name of Party), respectfully petitions this Court to issue its writ of certiorari

pursuant to Ruie 21 of the N.C. Rules of Appellate Procedure to review the (judgment) (order) (decree) of the [Honorable (name), Judge Presiding, (name) County Superior (District) Court] [North Carolina Court of Appeals], dated (date), (here describe the judgment, order, or decree appealed from), and in support of this petition shows the following:

Facts

(Here set out factual background necessary for understanding the basis of the petition: e.g., failure to perfect appeal by reason of circumstances constituting excusable neglect; nonappealability of right of an interlocutory order, etc.) (If circumstances are that transcript could not be procured from reporter, statement should include estimate of date of availability, and supporting affidavit from the Court Reporter.)

Reasons Why Writ Should Issue

(Here set out factual and legal argument to justify issuance of writ: e.g., reasons why interlocutory order makes it impractical for petitioner to proceed further in trial court; meritorious basis of petitioner's proposed assignments of error; etc.)

Attachments

Attached to this petition for consideration by the Court are certified copies of the (judgment) (order) (decree) sought to be reviewed, and (here list any other certified items from the trial court record and any affidavits attached as pertinent to consideration of the petition.)

Wherefore, petitioner respectfully prays that this Court issue its writ of certiorari to the [Superior Court of (name) County] [North Carolina Court of Appeals] to permit review of the (judgment) (order) (decree) above specified, upon errors [(to be) assigned in the record on appeal constituted in accordance with the Rules of Appellate Procedure] [stated as follows: (here list the errors, as issues, in the manner provided for the petition for discretionary review)]; and that the petitioner have such other relief as to the Court may seem proper.

Respectfully submitted this the ____ day of _____

Attorney for Petitioner (Address and Telephone)

(Verification by petitioner or counsel)

(Certificate of service upon opposing parties)

(Attach a clear copy of the opinion, order, etc. which is the subject of the petition and other attachments as described in petition.)

5. PETITION FOR WRIT OF SUPERSEDEAS UNDER RULE 23 AND MOTION FOR TEMPORARY STAY

A writ of supersedeas operates to stay the execution or enforcement of any judgment, order, or other determination of a trial court or of the Court of Appeals in civil cases under Appellate Rule 8 or to stay imprisonment or execution of a sentence of death in criminal cases (other portions of criminal sentences, e.g. fines, are stayed automatically pending an appeal of right).

A motion for temporary stay is appropriate to show good cause for immediate stay of execution on an exparte basis pending the Court's decision on the Petition for Supersedeas or the substantive petition in the case

(Caption)

TO THE HONORABLE (COURT OF APPEALS) (SUPREME COURT) OF NORTH CAROLINA:

Facts

(Here set out factual background necessary for understanding basis of petition and justifying its filing under Rule 23: e.g., trial judge has vacated the entry upon finding security deposited under G.S. Section ______ inadequate; or that trial judge has refused to stay execution upon motion therefor by petitioner; or that circumstances make it impracticable to apply first to trial judge for stay, etc.; and showing that review of the trial court judgment is being sought by appeal or extraordinary writ.)

Reasons Why Writ Should Issue

(Here set out factual and legal argument for justice of issuing writ; e.g., that security deemed inadequate by trial judge is adequate under the circumstances; that irreparable harm will result to petitioner if he is required to obey decree pending its review; that petitioner has meritorious basis for seeking review, etc.)

Attachments

Attached to this petition for consideration by the court are certified copies of the (judgment) (order) (decree) sought to be stayed and (here list any other certified items from the trial court record and any affidavits deemed necessary to consideration of the petition).

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Wherefore, petitioner respectfully prays that this Court issue its writ of supersedeas to the [(Superior) (District) Court of _____ County] [North Carolina Court of Appeals] staying (execution) (enforcement) of its (judgment) (order) (decree) above specified, pending issuance of the mandate to this Court following its review and determination of the (Appeal) (discretionary review) (review by extraordinary writ) (now pending) (the petition for which will be timely filed); and that the petitioner have such other relief as to the Court may seem proper.

Respectfully submitted this the ___ day of _____

Attorney for Petitioner (Address and Telephone)

(Verification by petitioner or counsel.)
(Certificate of Service upon opposing party.)

Rule 23(e) provides that in conjunction with such a petition for supersedeas, either as part of it or separately, the petitioner may move for a temporary stay of execution or enforcement pending the Court's ruling on the petition for supersedeas. The following form is illustrative of such a motion for temporary stay, either included in the main petition as part of it or filed separately.

Motion for Temporary Stay

(Plaintiff) (Defendant) respectfully applies to the Court for an order temporarily staying (execution) (enforcement) of the (judgment) (order) (decree) which is the subject of (this) (the accompanying) petition for writ of supersedeas, such order to be in effect until determination by this Court whether it shall issue its writ. In support of this Application, movant shows that (here set out the legal and factual argument for the issuance of such a temporary stay order; e.g., irreparable harm practically threatened if petitioner must obey decree of trial court during interval before decision by Court whether to issue writ of supersedeas).

Motion for Stay of Execution

In death cases, the Supreme Court uses an order for stay of execution of death sentence in lieu of the writ of supersedeas. Counsel should promptly apply for such a stay after the judgment of the Superior Court imposing the death sentence. The stay of execution order will provide that it remains in effect until dissolved. The following form illustrates the contents needed in such a motion.

(Caption)

TO THE HONORABLE SUPREME COURT OF NORTH CAROLINA:

Now comes the defendant, (name), who respectfully shows the Court:

- 1. That on (date of judgment), The Honorable Judge Presiding, Superior Court of County, sentenced the defendant to death, execution being set for (date of execution).
- 2. That pursuant to G.S. 15A-2000(d)(1), there was an automatic appeal of this matter to the Supreme Court of North Carolina, and that defendant's notice of appeal was given (describe the circumstances and date of notice).
- 3. That the record on appeal in this case cannot be served and settled, the matter docketed, the briefs prepared, the arguments heard, and a decision rendered before the scheduled date for execution.

WHEREFORE, the defendant prays the Court to enter an Order staying the execution pending judgment and further orders of this Court.

Respectfully submitted this the ____ day of _____

Attorney for Defendant (Address and Telephone)

(Certificate of Service on Attorney General, District Attorney, and Warden of Central Prison)

[Appendix D amended effective March 6, 1997.]

APPENDIX E. CONTENT OF BRIEFS

CAPTION

Briefs should use the caption as shown in Appendix B. The Title of the Document should reflect the position of the filing party both at the trial level and on the appeal, e.g., DEFENDANT-APPELLANT'S BRIEF. PLAINTIFF-APPELLEE'S BRIEF or BRIEF FOR THE STATE. A brief filed in the Supreme Court in a case decided by the Court of Appeals is captioned a "New Brief" and the position of the filing party before the Supreme Court should be reflected, e.g., DEFENDANT-APPELLEE'S NEW BRIEF (where the State has appealed from the Court of Appeals in a criminal matter).

The cover page should contain only the caption of the case. Succeeding pages should present the following items, in order.

INDEX OF THE BRIEF

Each brief should contain a topical index beginning at the top margin of the first page following the cover, in substantially the following form: